## HARRISON'S PLANS.

THE GENERAL WILL ARRIVE AT HOME TUESDAY EVENING.

Judge Thurman Talks to a Few Indiana Admirers at Columbus, 0.

Grover Cleveland and His Administration.

The Infirmities of Age Prevent a Lengthy Speech-He Would Rather Stay at Home Than Be Elected-Other Politics.

WEATHER BULLETINS. Signal Office, Wichita, Kan., Sept. 1.—The highest temperature was 77.7 °: the lowest 56.7°, and the mean 66.5°.

The wind was gentle N. W. to E., with clear cool weather, and slightly higher

barometer.

The maximum velocity of wind was N W. 13 miles per hour at 12:20 p. m. Mean barometer, reduced to sea level at 7 a. m. was 30,190 inches, at 2 p. m 30,107 inches, at 7 p. m. 30,069 inches.

Mean humidity 65.5 per cent. WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 1.—The indications for twenty-four hours, commencing Saturday, September 2, at 7 a. m., are as follows:

For Kansas: Fair, followed in western portion by local rains; warmer in eastern portion, stationary temperature in western

PUT-IN-BAY, Sept. 1 .- General Harrison and party will leave Middle Bass Island on Monday afternoon by the steamer "Chief Justice Waite" for Toledo. The general and Mrs. Harrison will be the guests of Hon. Wm. Cummings until Tuesday morning. The party will leave Toledo for Indianapolis at 19:20 a. m. by the Wabash, arriving at Indianapolis in the evening.

### THURMAN TALKS.

The Old Judge Tells Indianians Who Grover Cleveland Is. COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 1 .- A delegation of about 400 strong, consisting of members of the Hendricks, Cleveland and Thurman, and Fawmaker clubs, of Indianapolis, called on Judge Thurman this afternoon, there were also a number of railroad men from that city. They arrived at 3:30 o'clock by a special train of eight cars. The delegation was received at the Union depot by the members of the Jackson club, a local democratic organization. They marched to the vicinity of Judge Thurman's office, Thurman has been suffering severely for gest. several days from neuralgia in the face and for this reason the delegation was not received at his residence in the east part of the city, owing to the danger attending an refort on his part to speak in the open air.

A hall capable of accommodating seven or eight hundred people was secured on High street for the reception. Judge Thurman accompanied by Hon. H. J. Booth in a carriage came to the hall and as they entered a warm and enthusiastle reception was given. Mayor Buck delivered an address on behalf of the city, H. J. Booth spoke on behalf of the local clubs. A. W. Conduit, president of the Hendrick's club, read an address, highly complimentary to Judge Thurman, and assured that Indiana, which was counted among the doubtful states, would cast fifteen electoral votes for the Democratic tleket. Judge Thurman's face was tied with a heavy handkerchief, and as he removed it and rose to speak the enthusiastic crowd cheered. Judge Thurman said:

Mr. Harris promised net, when he had banked about \$30,000, that they would run away and enjoy themselves for the rest of their lives. The woman did as she was the lives. Harris enjoyed excellent credit, was the enty of all other clothing dealers in the city, and money rolled in just as his as he had anticipated. Then came the burst-up and flight, as told above, and the woman's arrest. Her affidavit is very long, implicating at least a dozen wholessie clothing dealers here and in Montreal, and, worst while the woman was making her deposition. There is also a prominent judge of this district implicated, and a well-known banker, who discounted some of Mr. Harris' notes, which are yet unpaid. The details of the contession are the most shocking that can be imagined, and the parties implicated are moving heaven and earth to prevent their names becoming mubile. To this end they have been un recommended to the contession are the most shocking that can be imagined. To this end they have been un recommended to the contession are the most shocking that can be imagined. The details of the contession are the most shocking that can be imagined. The details of the contession are the most shocking that can be imagined. The details of the contession are the effort on his part to speak in the open air. tied with a heavy handkerchief, and as he removed it and rose to speak the enthusi-astic crowd cheered. Judge Thurman said: Mr. Chairman: To say that I am pro-foundly grateful to my friends from indiana for the visit they have made me today and for these marks of esteem and

ction that you have displayed but poorly to express what I in heart. I am profoundly grate-to you and I have some feel in heart. I am profoundly grateful to you and I have some reason to be grateful to Indiana. Some of the best friends I ever had in my life were citizens of your state. To go over the list of them would be to occupy time that could not be spared for that purpose, yet I cannot begin the few remarks that I shall make without alluding to that grand man whose name one of your clubs bears—Thomas A. Hendricks. JApplause.] For many, many years, when he was an important figure in American politics and took marked part, i knew him intimately, and when four years ago I had the honor and privilege of speaking with him again and again in your state and also in Ohio. I never heard him make a speech that did not increase my admiration for the power of his intellect and the patriotism and the courage of the man. [Applause.] My friends, I have one thing, however to regret today among the pleasures that I feel at your presence. For four or five days I have been suffering dreadfully from an attack of neuralgia in the face and have had some times, three and sometimes four radical high protection teeth aching as if they intended to take off my head. [Laughter] But I hope I shall convert them to sound doctrine before long at least. Though my face is still swolling it is going down by degrees and like our opponents it will shrink and shrink until it shall once more be all right in my head as well as in the politics of the country. [Laughter and applause.]

Now my friends; you Indiana people stood by the Democratic party of four years ago. Your vote was necessary to the election of Cleveland and Hendricks and you gave it by a good round majority, and now it is in your power once more to

the election of Cleveland and Rendricks and you gave it by a good round majority, and now it is in your power once more to save the Democratic party by voting for Cleveland again. [Applause.] I am quite sure that there is not a Democrat within the sound of my voice who regrets that he voted for Grover Cleveland in 1884. I never saw a Democrat that did yet. It may be that there is a straggler here and there, but I think you can count them on the fingers of your hand, and there are ten to one who have come to us from the Republican party. [Applause.] I can hardly think how a man who voted for Grover Cleveland in 1884 can have the face to look into a fellow Democrat's face and say, "I won't vote for man who voted for Grover Cleveland in 1884 can have the face to look into a fellow Democrat's face and say, "I won't vote for him now." [Applause.] I do say that there is much that ought to be reformed in our laws and in our system, but it is not the fault of Grover Cleveland that the reforms have not been made. He has urged them; he has pleaded with congress, be has said to the people again and again that such and such things ought to be, and that such and such things ought to be, and that such and such things ought to be, and that such and such things ought to be and that such and such things ought to be and that such and such things ought to be and that such and such things ought to be and that such and have not been made by wisdom and knowledge and patriotism, and now, that man, with when I am acquatned well. I say to you, my friends and all my friends, young and old, is one of the most sensible, level-headed, honest men I ever knew. [Applause.] He is now before you a candidate and I firmly believe he will be elected. [Applause.] I firmly believe that the American people have too much sense, too much sense, too much appreciation of the honor, liberality and courage in that president to lay but manded.

world, but I have been chosen by the Democratic party to help fill up this campaign, and I mean to do it to the best of my ability, and I hope to do it with success (Applyment).

cess. [Applause.]
At the conclusion of the speech making,
Judge Thurman took a position in front
of the platform and was personally presented to each of the visitors. The balance of the day was spent in looking over
the city, and at 11 o'clock tonight the delegation left on their return.

STATE NOMINATIONS. LA CYGNE, Kan., Sept. 1.—The Republicans have nominated J. H. Kenan for representative.

Marion, Kan., Sept. 1 .- J. H. C. Brewe His Speech Confined to a Laudation of Fifty-sixth district, and E. W. Hoch for representative of the Sixty-fifth district,

FLIRTATION AND FRAUD.

New York, Sept. 1.-A Quebec special

Merchants Victimized by the Wiles of a Scheming Woman.

says: A week ago K. Schynman, a He-brew, left this city owing creditors sums that will aggregate nearly \$25,000. Schyn man, whose real name is Harris, kept a ready-made clothing establishment on St. Joseph street, which he opened in May He also had a remarkably handsome French-Canadian wife. She was very lovely and not averse to carrying on flirtations with gentlemen who patronized the clothing store and the merchants from whom her husband bought goods. Several instances of where she had gone out to drive after goods had been delivered at the husband's store were brought to the latter's notice, but he paid no atto the latter's notice, but he paid no at-tention to the stories, merely saying that he did not blame anybody for admiring a handsome woman. If she enjoyed the tribute paid to ber beauty, he was not going to make her unhappy by stopping Things ran on all summer in this man-ner, and Harris' stock and liabilities grew

Things ran on all summer in this manner, and Harris' stock and liabilities grew in equal proportions. One night a susprious truck load of goods left the store and were shipped to Montreal, whence, it has since been learned, they were sent somewhere in the states. Some of the creditors who had not taken Mrs. Harris out to drive heard of the mysterious shipment, and came down on Harris' store for payment of their bills. He held them off for a few days, and then, a week ago, suddenly disappeared with all his cash assets and half a dozen trunks full of goods. There was much excitement, and those who were not acquainted with Mrs. Harris accused her of being in league with her husband. The stock in the store was seized and she was arrested. An examination was had and the woman resolutely denied any knowledge of the whereabouts of Harris. She was remanded yesterday, She said she wanted to make a confession. She was brought before W. N. Campbell, a city notary. Everybody but those directly interested were excluded from the room, and then she told her story. It was to the effect that when Harris, who is not her husband, opened a store, he told her that he would introduce her to the merchants from whom he bought his stock; that many of them had an eye to beauty, and that they might filirt with her; that she was toffirt in return and, if invited out, accept the invitation and anything cles that the gentleman should suggest. In this way the merchants would be very easy with him, make large saies on long credits and be willing to wait for payment from a man who had such a handsome and accommodating wife. Then Harris promised her, when he had banked about \$30,000, that they would run away and enjoy themselves for the rest of their lives. The woman did as she was hid and search to incurre the invitation and anyale and second to the rest of their lives. The woman did as she was hid and search to incurre the rest of their lives. The woman did as she was hid and search to incurre the rest of the rest of the rest of the rest of t parties implicated are moving heaven and earth to prevent their names becoming public. To this end they have begun proceedings under the provincial act. "To provide for the suppression of voluntary and extra judicial caths," and will probably succeed. There is no list to be obtained of the creditors whom Harris left in the lurch by his flight. The woman will

AT OMAHA. 

Athletics...... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 

Errors—Boston 5. Batteries—Clarkson and Kelley, Welch

Cleveland. 1 3 0 0 3 5 2 0 2-16
Kansas City. 0 1 0 2 0 1 0 0 0 - 4
Pase hits—Cleveland 14, Kansas City 8,
Errors—Cleveland 2, Kansas City 2,
Batteries—O'Brien and Summer, Hoffman and Donahue.
AT KANSAS CITY.
Vancas City. 0 2 2 0 3 0 2 0 0 - 7

AT BALTIMORE.

Baltimore. ... 0.1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 - 3 Louisville. ... 0.2 0 5 0 2 2 0 0 - 9 Base hits—Baltimore 9, Louisville 12 Errors—Baltimore 1, Louisville 2. Batteries—Kilroy and Filmer, Ramsey

Morning game. 

Indianapolis ... 0 0 0 0 0 5 3 0 0 8 8 Chicago ... 4 0 0 0 0 0 5 3 0 0 8 Base hirs— Indianapolis 9: Chicago 7. Errors—Indianapolis 4. Chicago 5. Batteries—Burdihk and Buckley, Bald-

Batteries-Burns, win and Daly.
AT DESMOINES.

## GROWING WORSE.

JACKSONVILLE'S CONDITION AL-MOST BEYOND HOPE.

Immediate Flight Looked Upon as the Only Salvation for the Plague-Scourged City.

Eleven New Cases Reported up to 1 O'clock P. M., Being Unparallelled by Any Previous Day.

Railroad Traffic at a Standstill-Unsubstantiated Rumors of the Fever at Charleston, S. C .- The Western Rate War Growing.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 1.—The Times Democrat special from Jacksonville, Fla. says: Eleven new cases of yellow fever to 1 o'clock and one death is what Dr. Mitchell reports by telephone. This is unprecedented for so early in the day. The greater portion of new cases are reported from 5 to 6 o'clock p. m. There will be so few hopeful in a few days from now that hardly anyone can hope to escape the disease. Tomorrow an excursion train will leave here for South Carolina in accordance with Surgeon General Hamilton's suggestion and permission and it will be well filled, too. It is readily urged that the women and children can get out of the city, and great efforts are being made to send them off. The rush to Camp Perry continues, and those who will stay will be rather lonesome by next week. Mr. En-ter, freman of the Pine street station, re-ceived a letter yesterday from his sister in Charleston, stating that she was sufferin Charleston, stating that she was suffering from a severe attack of yellow fever, and that there were several other cases in that city. It is not known whether this is true or not, as it cannot be corroborated. Gwing to sickness in the city the "log trains" over the Florida Central & Peninsuia railroad have been for the present abandoned. The railroad authorities say they do not desire to jeopardize the lives of their engineers and other employes in running past St. Luke's hospital, it being necessary in order to reach the depot. However, several of the mills have sufficient supply on hand to last them for some time and are constantly receiving more time and are constantly receiving more from different points up the river.

#### THE RAILROAD WAR.

The Rate on Dressed Beef Cut to One-Half The Tariff Rates.

CHICAGO, Sept. L.-The Chicago, Santa Fe & California road has cut the rate on dressed beef from Kansas City to Chicago to 13 cents per 100 pounds. The tariff rate is 26 cents, so that the reduction is precisely one half. This action is the direct outcome of the war in live stock rates in which the southwestern roads have been participating over a week. It is expected that a cut in provision rates will follow with every prospect that the fight will extend to other classes of freight and result in a general war of rates. in a general war of rates.

**EXPLORING BRITISH AMERICA** OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 1 .- G. L. Surrey has received a letter from A. P. Law, who is conducting an exploratory expedition to the eastern coast of Hudson's bay. It is dated Moose Factory, James bay, June 20. Mr. Law says that the party has great difficulty in traveling from Lake Winnepeg to the shores of James bay, the streams being swollen to such an extent as to make padding exceedingly dangerous. At the time the party arrived at James bay the weather was tolerably cold and the bay was filled with large ice floods. Since then the party has gone up the bay along the west coast making explorations of rivers running from the interior of Labrador.

A GRAIN DEALING FIRM DISSOLVED. CHICAGO, Sept. 1.-The extensive grain receiving and commission firm, Foss, Strong & Co., went out of existence yesthe head of the concern, and who for years was will known as one of the conservative members "strangers yet." from the ocean and saturating whole continents, and other indications of abh by his hight. The wolland will bably be discharged and sent out of the of the board of trade. Joseph Reynolds, the "Co.," is owner of the "Diamond Jo" line and E. B. Strong is also a very wealthy man. The firm has been one of the most successful as well as extensive grain dealers known to the trade. The members retire with ample fortunes.

Mr. Foss will take recreation for some time to come in California. Messrs. Strong and Reynolds will permanently retire.

A CURIOUS ACCIDENT.

Chicago, Sept. 1.—An outgoing train on the St. Paul road struck a man at Indiana under the engine in such a way that the locomotive had to be raised with jack screws in order to extricate him. He was taken out in an unconscious condition and removed to the county hospital. While the physicians were working over him he regained consciousness. After making a hasty examination of himself, finding that he was uninjured, he bade his attendants

good night and left for home, TRIED HARD TO KILL HIMSELE MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Sept. L.-William J. Meley registered at the Madison house in this city last night from San Francisco. He took laudanum with suicidal intent, but took too much. This morning he shot himself with a Coit's revolver. The ball entered his left breast and the surgeons think just missed the heart. Letters found in his room show the act to have been premeditated. He will probably die.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. I.—A rumor gain-ed currency today, and is generally credited in labor circles, that General Master Workman Powderly has withdrawn from the order of the Knights of Labor, his resignation to take immediate effect. When a reporter visited the Knights of Labor headquarters in this city to inquire into the ramor he was informed by Secretary Hays that there was absolutely nothing in the story.

CYGNET, O., Sept. 1.-A 25,000 barrel oil tank exploded here today and scattered the oil in all directions, killing eight persons and injuring a number of others.

LONDON, Sept. 1.—A collision occurred four miles from Tarif last evening between the British steamer Cairo, from Cardiff, and the British steamer Suaresbrook, from Odessa. The Suaresbrook was sunk and eleven of her crew were drowned. The Cairo rescued the remaining ten and landed them at Gibraltar. A fog prevailed at

ANOTHER CANADIAN SEIZURE

An amusing story is told of a charita-ble lady here who planned a pyrotechnic treat the other day for a big orphan asy-lum just out of town. She invested \$400 in rockets, bombs, pinwheels, and more elaborate fireworks, such as were best calculated to distract the minds of be-reaved youth. calculated to distract the minds of be-reaved youth. A gentleman of her ac-quaintance was invited to perform the actual setting off of the combustibles, which while the display was in progress, were piled on and around a chair in the lawn. He mildly suggested that it was dangerous to have them so near while the exhibition was being given, but the ob-jection was overruled by the hostess on the ground that it was so much more con-venient to have them ready at hand for venient to have them ready at hand for use when wanted. So the entertainment proceeded, beginning with the lighting of a few Roman candles and other trides, which were intended to serve as introductory to the more scrumptious and ex-

pensive fizgigs.

A very few had gone off, to the inex-pressible delight of the eleemosynary small boys and girls seated on rows of camp stools at a little distance, when an envious spark chanced to drop upon the chairful of fireworks aforesaid, and immediately there ensued a catastrophe of the most appalling description. For quite ten minutes the entire landscape was ablaze. The operator and his assistants got behind trees to escape the bombs and rockets, which were discharging them-selves in every direction at once, while the nonprojectile pieces formed a volcanic pyre in the midst, vomiting flames with incessant explosions. At length the crupincessant explosions. At length the crup-tion came to an end, and just as the last Roman candle was sputtering—while the generous entertainer and the gentleman whose aid she had invoked were ruefully regarding the remains of \$400 worth of paper and gunpowder—a messenger from the gathering of hapless orphans across the lawn appeared at the scene. Her re-mark was all that was needed to cap the

melancholy climax:

"That last firework was an awfully pretty one," said the little girl breathlessly. "The children want to know if we can have another one next just like it. -Rene Bache in New Orleans Picayune.

Surgeon Major Hendley, resident surgeon at Jappore, writes: "In The British Medical Journal of April 7, 1888, the following statements are made: "M. Reclus has shown that cancer was all but unknown among the persons whose food was exclusively vegetable.' 'M. Verneuil also believed that the increase of cancer was largely due to the carnivorous habits of diet of the past generation. The records of the Mayo hospital at Jaypore, which is under my charge, show no such immunity of vegetarians from cancer. From January, 1880, to the present date, 102 major operations have been performed in the hospital in cases of caucer. Of these, 41 were on the persons of meat eaters and 61 on those of strict vegetarians who had never eaten meat since

In India, where caste rules are exceedingly rigid, the fact that the latter were true vegetarians is absolute proof.
Among them are six Saraogis, a class of
Jains who even reject many kinds of
vegetables. Three of these Saraogis suffered from cancer of the breast. Out of 102 cases there were 3 deaths attributable to the operation. There is no information available as to recurrence, or the contrary. The cases were divided as fol-lows: Cancer of breast 20, tongue or lips 8, head and face 17, upper extremity 11, lower extremity 8, trunk 18, testicle 1, glands 3. There were 63 males and 40 torsales a lower proposition of the latter females, a large proportion of the latter in a country where the purdah system is in force. The maximum age was 70 years, the minimum 18 years, the average 43 years."—British Medical Journal.

The Canadian and the Yankee

I have been spending several weeks in Canada this summer, and have been mak-ing a study of Canadian life and people as much as is possible for a superficial ob-server. I have found much to interest and entertain—a little to amuse. To the average American Canada is a terra incognita. I have been asked as absurd ques-tions about Canada by Americans as I Ex-Alderman S. O. Foss was the have by Canadians about the states. Just

> alities, his outspoken scorn of "that di-vinity that doth hedge a king," the flippant allusions to the nobility and the chronicles have certainly not been paral-whole royal family which are frequently leled since the middle ages, and perhaps Strong heard on his lips, and at his general, free and easy, devil-may-care recklessness, so opposed to the cut and dried Canadian standard. Au contraire, he is rather fas-cinated by his originality, his independwhich he marvels greatly, his prodigality, his generosity, and general bon camaraderie.—Edith Sessions Tupper.

Prevailing Ignorance in Italy.

The prevailing ignorance and supersti-tion is appalling. As late as 1882, accord-ing to the official statistics, 54 per cent. ing to the official statistics, 54 per cent. of the male population over 20 years of age could neither read nor write. The filthiness, abject poverty and squalor of entire districts is indescribable, families being huddled together with chickens and pigs in one room hardly sufficient to afford protection from the weather, the wages being so low as to make it almost impossible to keep body and soul together, and absolutely impossible to leave the country or better their condition. A piece of white bread to them would be a grand feast. This wretchedness is not found alone among the marshy lands, but on least. This wretchedness is not found alone among the marshy lands, but on the richest and most fertile plains of northern Italy, the horrible disease known as "pellagra" making the greatest ravages in Lombardy and Emilia. As yet the complaint is little understood, but known to proceed from insufficient and unwholesome food, together with physical and moral uncleanliness.—Florence Cor. Chi-

It has become quite common of late to estimate the future in the way of forecast-ing what inventions must occur. It has not so generally occurred to our prophets to tell us what civilization in its progres sive movement will drop out. A recent writer suggests that we shall, in the next century, have very little use for horses. He supposes airships to be not, only an achievement, but to be as common as wegers are now. The farmer has then only to hitch a lead to his airboat, and lift it clear of trees, and move straight to market. The effect of navigating the air will, however, be most marked on urban life. Cities will no longer be needed to any such extent as now. The airship, avoiding streets, can make a location in the country as desirable for a great store. as one in a city. Will not also a vast amount of land now needed for highways be given over to tillage? Go ahead, and give us the cirahip.—Globe-Democrat.

Now there is another rush of invalids like that of the consumptives who go to the abattoirs to be cured. This time the rush is by rheumatics who believe that they can be cured by standing near the dynamos in electric light establishments. This new fad grows out of the idea that men employed in the manufacture or use of electricity never have rheumatism or neuralgia. It is said to be a fact, and another statement is that if a rheumatic gets work that takes him constantly be-side dynamos his disease quickly leaves him.— ew York Sun.

Slander attacks us from behind. The bite is rarely felt unless it is malignant and persistent. Disease, too, often steals upon us through a vital channel. The air we breathe affects the lungs—if it be malarious it enters the blood, if it change too quickly in the temperature it produces disease of the throat, etc. Whether Hostetter's Stomach Bittters is taken to prevent or to remedy the various forms of disease produced by miasma, such as intermittent fever, dumb ague, ague cake or billious remittent, it is and ever has proved to be an effective and thorough remedy—one which does not only ameliorate the symptoms of the maladies of this type, but cradicates their cause. Dyspepsia, liver complaint, rheumatism, bladder and kidney troubles are among the humanity complaint, rheumatism, bladder and kidney troubles are among the humanity afflicted troubles which it promptly re-lieves and ultimately removes.

CURIOUS NERVOUS DISORDERS.

An Interesting Class of Affection

Contagious Mantas.
A curious incident is reported from wilkesbarre, Pa. One of the young women employed in a silk mill at that place was seized with an epileptic fit. The other girls crowded round her, alarmed and excited. "Suddenly," says the account, "one of them gave a wild shriek and fell over in violent hysterics. The excitement increased, and in a minute or so another young woman was seized with hysteria. The girls were now almost wild with nervous excite ment, and one after another were seized with hysteric convulsions." Eighteen of them were affected in this strange way, and they all had to be sent home after medical aid had been summoned. The case belongs to a by no means uncommon but very interesting class of nervous affections. Neuro mimesis, or nervous mimicry, has been at the base of a great number of puzzling outbreaks, many of which were at the time of their occurrence attributed to supernatural causes.

In the Fifteenth century a nun in a German convent suddenly began to mew like a cat. In a short time the infection had spread until all the other nuns were mewing in rivalry with her. The mew-ing epidemic was carried to other convents, and for a time the religious authorities were in consternation. In the same century a strange biting mania developed in a convent, and soon all the nuns were biting one another and all who approached them. This outbreak was cured by terrorism. A regiment of soldiers was drawn up in the court of the convent and the biting nuns were informed that if they did not come to their senses they would be flogged with rods by the troops. The fear of this punishment had the desired effect. With other epidemics of the same general character, however, all remedies failed. Of these was the so called dancing mania, when tens of thousands of people went leaping, dancing and singing through the streets in procession, abandoning business, domestic duties, everything, to indulge in this singular eccen tricity.

The history of the Flagellants, who walked in procession, each rank flogging the one in front and being flogged by the one behind, is of the same order. epidemic spread until it had covered all Germany and Italy and had invaded France. Both the dancing and the Flagellant manlas affected children as well as grown people. Numbers of the victims perished miserably, for processions were arranged to traverse the country, and this they did, wandering about without any commissariat, trusting to charity, until the nuisance grew so formidable that cities closed their gates against the pilgrims and drove them into the waste, where thousands died of exposure and privation.

Hecker, the historian of the epidemics of the middle ages, had a curious theory to account for them. They occurred in the period of the Black Death, when pestilence stalked over Europe and swept away millions. Hecker held that the plague was caused by certain changes in the earth's magnetism, and to support this he cited many reports of strange atmospheric phenomena, foul odors arising from the ocean and saturating whole To the Canadian the Yankee is an object of mingled horror and fascination. He is Hecker's hypothesis has not been achorrified at his contempt for conventionnormality in the telluric conditions. cepted by modern science, but his facts are trustworthy. The extensive epidemics of nervous mimicry which he we should look for the explanation of this to the magnitude of the advance in the standards of living and in the average of health. The most striking recent instance of nervous mimicry is the case of the Convulsionnaires of St. Madard, many of whom were unquestionably cataleptics. With the spread of education and a better regimen of diet the tendency to nervous epidemics has plainly diminished. It is, however, by no means outgrowing, as the Wilkesbarre episode, cited at the beginning of this article, shows, and as was proved by the occur-rence of a similar outbreak among the girls in a Brooklyn factory not long ago. Today these strange affections are recognized as neurotic, but the precise mode of their dissemination is still an unsolved

How to Learn a Language.

The Volapuk craze seems to have run its course and died, and everybody has made up his mind that we have not yet got the world language. If people only knew how easy it is to learn French or German or Italian there would be less of these foolish attempts to force an unknown tongue upon the world. To get along as well as there is any necessity in a foreign country you do not need more than 1,000 or 1,500 words. Think how easy it is to get these words in your memory. That means less than the number of words in an average newspaper column, and it is really the fact that you can get enough of French, say, to get along with as easily as you can memorize a column in the daily newspaper. It is so with German and with Italian. You get the grammatical construction and then all you have to do is to make yourself a vocabulary. The trouble is that people imagine

learning a strange tongue is so hard that they will not attempt it in a common sense way, but they shrink from the dif-ficulties which only exist in their own imaginations. Cardinal Mezzofauti could take a grammar and a dictionary of a strange language and hear a confession from it in three days. I hold that the average man can do partly as well as that, anyhow, if he applies himself in the right way. There is no reason why every educated man should not be equipped with at least three modern has ped with at least three modern la guages, and six months of his spare time of the hours wasted on novels and trifles-would do the work .- C. H. De Ligne in Chicago News.

Quite a Difference.

An English woman who married an American says: "A husband in England never tells his wife what he is doing. He thinks she has no business interesting berself about his affairs. I do not see so much of that in this country. You do have here I but the try. You don't know how I like that."

# ALL PREVIOUS RECORDS



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TRADE-

## OUTDONE

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Composed of day coaches, elegant free reclining chair cars, and Pullman sieepers, ieaves Wichita at 11.55 a. m. runs through to St. Louis solid, arriving there at 6.40 a. m., next day. This is one and one-half hoursquicker than any other line running both reclining chair cars and Pullman sleepers from here through without change. City ticket office 137 Main street.

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THE WICHITA EAGLE,

Rental Agencies.

Rent registers for sale at this office. Orders by mail will receive prompf atten tion. Address the Wichita EAGLE, Wich-ita, Kan. All Drivers have positive orders to pre-vent passengers from getting on and off front platform of cars, or stand on the

Passengers must keep off of the front slatform. WICHITA STREET R'Y Co. 66-tf

Throngn Car Service, Wichita to Kansas City via the Santa Fe Route. The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe have now in their night train service leaving Wichita at 9:30 p. m., the latest and most approved pattern of free reclining chairs. These cars will be run daily. In addition to this, Pullman service on morning train from Newton, and through Pullman cars daily on the 9:30 p. p. train to Kones.

station.

For farm loans call at Lombard Mortgage Company. Money paid as soon as papers are executed. d89-w50-tf

Read, and Order What You Should Bave, to Comply with the Law.

Each township trustee should have a trustee's record, road record, poor record and a full set of township records and other blanks, worth at least to. Also some stationery.

This office is prepared to furnish manilla wrappers in sizes and quantities to suit purchasers, just as cheap as any house in the United States. Orders by mail prompt by attended to. Address the Complex of the Complex o

blanks, worth at least \$5. Also some stationery.

Each township treasurer should have a treasurer's record.

Each township clerk should have a clerk's record and warrant book.

Each justice of the peace should have a civil docket, criminal docket, stray record transcripts, compiled laws of 1825, and a full assortment of blanks.

Each constable should have an assortment of blanks.

Each road overseer should have a road

ment of blanks.

Each road overseer should have a road overseers account book, receipt book for labor, receipt book for extra work and a receipt book for material used.

The above should be furnished to the officers of each well regulated township at the expense of the township.

For sale at the Eagle office. Orders promptly filled by mail or express prepaid.

The most delightful health and pleasure resort in the west. Cheap excursion tickets now on sale. For further information and descriptive pamphlet, apply to W. D. Murdock, agent, 12 North Main street and Union depot near Oak street. del if

Attorneys pocket dockets for sale at this Attorneys pocket dockers for said at inoffice. Orders by mail promptly filled,
Address all orders to The Wichita Eagle,
Wichita, Kan., H. P. Murdock, Manager,
d% if\*

Free reclining chair cars are now running on all trains on the C., K. & N. railway, "Rock Island Route," between Wichita, Topeka, Kansas City, St. Joseph, Chicago St. Louis. 9tf

The popular line for California, Oregon, Washington territory and all Pacific coast points is the Missouri Pacific, "Ft. Scott Route." Take the new short line, C. K. & N., Rock Island route, to Kansas City, St. Joseph, Chicago and St. Louis. 114-tf

Excursion Rates to the Onto Centennial Exposition

The Centennial Exposition of the Ohio Valley, to be held at Cincinnati July 4th to October 27th, with the exception of the National Centennial, will be the largest ever held in the United States.

Low Excursion Rates will be made by lines entering Cincinnati and their connections. From St. Louis and the West the Ohio & Mississippi K y is the only direct through car noute. By this line those who attend the G. A. R. National Encampment at Columbus, Ohio, for which very low rates will be made, and those going farther east to the different summer resorts can stop over at Cincinnati and visit the Exposition.

Columbus Colin Color of the Ohio Color with the color of the Color of Springs, and \$45.50 round trip to Salt Lake and Ogden, via the Missouri Pacific rallway, the new short line. Pull man sleepers run through.

sition.

The O. & M. is the only through line, via Cincinnati, by which this can be dene.

For further information address A. J. Lytle, General Western Passenger Agent O. & M. R'y, St. Louis, Ma.

PHILADELPHIA, July 28, 1884
Wichita Eagle, Wichita Kam.
Gentlemen:—We have seen one of your
Mortgage Loan Registers at the office of
the Philadelphia Mortgage and Trust Co.,
this city, and shall be obliged if you will
send this company one similar in all respects at your earliest convenience, and remain Repectfully yours,
THEODORE PROTRINGHAM,
Get\*
Secretary.

An Augusta, Ma., boy brought the family Bible with him to a circus which was exhibiting in the town in order to prove that he was young enough to go in at half price.— New York Tribune.

Some men look upon waining 48 wasting time, but they manage to appears some enjoyment out of it.—Yonkers Statesmen.

The ancients believed in a square world speak German preferred. Apply to Moderns have learned the reverse by and experiences.-Marthe's Vineyard Heraid

BENTON'S HAIR GROWER. All who are BALD, all who are benefits

all who do not want to be BALD, all who troutled with DANIE FF, or ITCHING or scalp should have bentiate Bale Grower. For per cent of these using h have grown hair. per cent of these using it have grown hair. It never fails to simplifie hair from failing. Through stoken a and fevers the hair sometimes fails off in a short time and although the person may have emanted bold for years. If you as Landon's Hair through seconding to direction you are some of a growth of hair, in hundreds of cases we have preduced a good growth of hair on those who have been haid and ginted for years. We have fully substantiated the full wing faces.

We grow hair in every case, no matter how long haid.

Unlike other preparations, it contains no sugar of end, or vegetable, or mineral poisons. It is a specific for lailing tair, dandruff, and

Briting of the samp.

The Hair Grower is a bair food, and its course blue to almost emarky like the oil which supplied had with its whalky If your druggists have not get it, we will send it propa don recent of price, \$1.00. Sold by

HETTINGER BROS. and ALDERER & BROWN, Wichite, Kan.

----GO TO---W. L. W. MILLER,

If you want your property in-sured agains Fire, Tornado, sured agains Fire, Tornado Lightning or Wind Storms, Standard Companies Represented.
Room 6, Fechheimer Block,
corner Market and Douglas,

Mergan Park Military Academy Gopt. ED. N. BIRK PALCOTT, Supt.

Coal Pesters'

City, Atchison and St. Joseph.

Pass, and Ticket Agent, 122 North Main street, Union Depot and Douglas avenue station.

Coal Pesters'

Scale books, coal tickets, etc., for sale at this office. Orders by mini will receive prompt retention. Address The Wishita station.

Sewar Pipe. A large stock at low prices. L. C. Jack-son, 112 S. 4th ave. 74tf Manilla Weappers.

Blank building agreements, contracts, etc., for use by contractors and builders, for asic at this office. Orders by mail promptly attended to Address the Wichita Eagle, Wichita Kan.

W. C. T. U. kindergarten will open on Mouday, Sept. 3d, in their present room on Second atreet. Morning session de-voted to kindergarten , work, connecting work in afternoon. d55.62

Or Transfer books for abstracters for sal at this office. Orders by mail promptly at tended to. Address the Wichita East-E, Wichita, Kan. The S. L. Davidson Mortgage company, as plenty of money to loan on improved

city property at low rate.

Chas I Fuller's prices and see if you can save yourself some money. 13 pounds granulated sugar \$1.00. 13 pounds extra C sugar \$1.00. California aprinota, cherries, and pears He per can best potatoes for prion, best Messina lemons 15c per dos, 6 turs Mascot soap 25c.

Chas I. Fuller,

GM E. Douglas Ave.

d \$9.41

Triephone 355

Free reclining chair cars are now running on all trains on the C., K. & N. R. y., "Rock Island Route," between Wichita, Topeka, Karsas City, St. Joseph, Chicago, St. Louis, Vill.

Take the new short line, C. K. & N. Bock Island route, to Kaness City, St. Joseph, Chicago and St. Louis.

Dassler's compiled laws and session laws for '87 for sale at this office at the standard price.

A few reliable, experienced men who can furnish their own conveyance to sell nursery stock in eastern Kansas and western Missouri. We will pay liberal compensation to the right kind of men. Touse who